


He Was Sheriff of Monterey County but Formerly Resided in Fresno.

Meantime the entire countryside
been aroused and an organization
quickly effected for the avowed pur-
pose of lynching Caesar. Citizens sur-
rounded the county jail to intercept the
transport of the prisoner. The officers
realizing how futile would be the attempt
to keep him any place in Montana
drove off rapidly to the hills. It is
believed the prisoner was taken to Es-
peranza, where he was held until he
later to the jail of San Benito county.
At 2 a. m. excitement in Salinas
was in no wise abated and many still
endeavored to avenge Farley by lynching his murderer.

WELL KNOWN HERE.

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS

If you have indigestion or any other ailment, try using Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. You can't resist the power of the remedy, neither can you. Cautions: Dyspepsia, Nervousness. See that the name is on the label. Beware of cheap imitations. Stamp covers the neck of the bottle.

**More Than a Half Million Dollars
Worth of Property
Destroyed.**

STOCKTON FAIR.
Opened Yesterday—Good Attendance and Fine Racing.
STOCKTON, Sept. 18.—The opening day of the racing under the auspices of the Stockton Driving Club brought out what was without doubt the largest initial day crowd ever at the local park.
The betting was light and there was every indication that it will not improve in the weeks.
The track was very fast and the weather could not have been better.

Seven entries, winning, for \$5000 and over, purse \$150—McFarland won, Teneica second, Sea Spray third, Time, 1.28 1/4. Stroma, Colonel Dan Jack McCabe and Fred Gardener a ran,

The Government Made Preparations as if Intending to Assault a Fort.

The announcement that Dreyfus was to be pardoned had already been counted by predictions and there

Avoid alum baking powders.
They make the food unwholesome.

afternoon, wearing their new uniforms. They will assemble at the club at 5 o'clock.

for over a year, but no fatalities
occurred until June 30th, when a
passenger train on the Illinois Cen-

Florence, returned last night to Amador county, where they were visiting Mrs. Musick's mother.

Bottle.

The exhibits in the Agriculture Pavilion are all in place and never before

re | Jack MacCabe and Ken Williams a
ran,

counted by predictions and there

Page 1 of 1

passenger train on the Arizona Central

1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 26

THE MAZET WORK

**Mayor Van Wyck on the
Witness Stand.**

**A Lively Tilt Between Counsel and
the Witnesses—Croker
Heard.**

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—Mayor Rob-

chair before the Mass. investigation committee today. From the outset the examination of the Mayor by Counsel Moss took the form of an acrimonious colloquy in the course of which Mr. Van Wyck intimated that Mr. Moss was seeking to reach a seat on the supreme court bench by presenting a partisan investigation and report at Counsel's attainments as a lawyer.

Mr. Van Wyck began his testimony by saying he had, from the time he assumed office been alarmed over the inadequacy of the Brooklyn water supply. He had not given the Hamapo Water Company contract consideration for several times until last year, that when it reached him officially. It was, witness understood, a mere option, and could do no harm to the city. Witness had not consulted with the heads of departments regarding the contract. The officials, he said, were to exercise their own judgment and not to come to him for advice or assistance for this. Witness again said he would consider the Ramapo contract when it came before him.

"When will it come before you?" asked Mr. Moss.

"When I send for it."

"When will you send for it?"

"Not until my business is over."

The witness was not convinced there was any fraud in the Ramapo contract and advised counsel to call Comptroller Culver and Bridge Commissioner Shea, the only city officials who had charged fraud. Counsel began formulating a question as to the duty of the Mayor to report to the commissioners who were incompetent.

"Oh," broke in the Mayor, "you are talking of removals and you have been talking of legislating me out. Why don't you go ahead and do it and not be talking such impertinence? and why do you try to restrain that list of stockholders you referred to yesterday?"

Richard Croker followed the Mayor. He testified that he did not advise any of the commissioners on the subject of the Ramapo contract. Before he went to Europe last spring, a committee of citizens had called upon the witness to urge the need of an improved water supply and he had advised them to select committees being his aid and influence. Witness intended to inquire into the merits of the Ramapo contract.

"What are, you going to do in the way of advertising these gentlemen of the board of public improvement after you have made your investigation?" asked Mr. Moss.

"I am not going to tell you. You are not here for a fair investigation," replied Mr. Croker. "You're here for

one side only and for one purpose only.
I've been looking you up, as I said I

would when I was on the stand before. You told me I might do it and I have done it. I will prove you now a man of bad standing. This court will give what I know to the press here today. I have here a decision from the supreme court."

So saying, Mr. Croker handed a written statement to the reporters present.

The statement concerning Mr. Moss, which Mr. Croker gave to the reporters, was an extract from an opinion of the justices of the general term of the supreme court in a case in which there was introduced as evidence a deposition attested by Mr. Moss and another as notaries public.

Mr. Moss was examined in court as to the authenticity of the signatures of the deponent and the witness, but he admitted that the document was not signed in his presence, and that he only knew the witness through the introduction by the principal. Mr. Justice Van Brunt expressed the opinion that the notaries (one of them Mr. Moss) should be criminally prosecuted for attesting instruments without having seen the signing of them, and without the knowledge of the signer's identity which the law requires.

BOYS AT HOME.

The Colorado Volunteers Given a Warm Reception.

DENVER, Col., Sept. 14.—The Colorado volunteers were welcomed home on

day with a demonstration that atoned for the lack of enthusiasm manifested

when the regiment departed from this city on May 7, 1888, on its long journey to the Philippines. Belts, whistles, guns, cannon and horns began sounding a noisy welcome when the soldiers' train reached the Manila depot at 10 o'clock. After receiving the greetings of relatives the volunteers fell in line and were escorted by a procession to the capital through streets lined with masses of people waving flags and shouting cheers. All the heroes of the Philippine war were met and with wreaths of mountain holly and their pathway was strewn with flowers by hundreds of girls. Public and private buildings were handsomely decorated. On the capital grounds were assembled thousands of school children to greet "the heroes." The address of welcome was delivered by Governor Thomas, who presented a new flag to the regiment. Colonel McCoy made an appropriate reply. Addresses of welcome on the part of the nation were delivered by United States Senator George F. Hoar, to which responses were made by Brigadier General Hale. A banquet was served for the soldiers.

Atonement Day in London.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—The Jewish atonement day was celebrated here to-day, especially in the east end, with Dreyfus demonstrations. A procession with a banner inscribed "Dreyfus the martyr," all the city's world demands his instant release," marched through spital field. Chief Rabbi Adler, preaching in the great synagogue, said: "The day Dreyfus was sentenced was more disastrous for France than Waterloo, and more humiliating than Sedan."

Returning Home.

QUEENSTOWN, Sept. 15.—The Dominion Line steamer New England which sailed today for Boston, has

among her passengers James Jeffries, the champion pugilist. Jeffries was blessed in Clark but equally because

Shirley Will Reside at Folkstone.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—It is reported that Mairie Labart and Mme. Dreyfus visited Folkstone, five miles from Dover, Saturday, and engaged apartments where Mme. Dreyfus and her children will dwell in the event of her husband's pardon. M. Labart is reported to have been much moved by the kindly expressions towards himself and Mme. Dreyfus while at Folkestone.

FRESCO WEEKLY REPUBLICAN
PUBLISHED BY THE FRESCO PUBLISHING CO.
Largest Circulation. The Most News.
Daily Republic, one year, by mail, \$3.00
Daily Republic, six months, by mail, \$1.50

CAN THIS BE?

For the first time in the history of Fresno it is now possible, and has been possible for several months, for a decent man to drive with his decent family through the principal thoroughfares leading out of town, without having his senses assailed by a public exhibition of vice and debauchery which is a literal truth in any other spot in the world. Thanks to the strict enforcement of a salutary law, that spectacle is now concealed from public view, and is accessible only to those who go to seek it. It is a change of incalculable importance, both in itself and in its promise of better things to come.

Some time ago an ordinance was introduced, whose sole purpose was to abrogate this improvement and restore the former scandalous conditions. It was drawn up at the request of professional promoters of prostitution, by an attorney employed by them for the purpose, and was introduced in the board by the representative of the criminal reservation. After much delay it was put to vote in the absence of Chairman Craycroft in the East and failed of passage by a tie vote. Trustees Spilney and Moore voting on the side of prostitution and Trustees Allen and Tupper on the side of decency. Last night the same ordinance was re-introduced, and at the next meeting of the board the test must be made again, this time with no chance of a tie vote.

The ordinance would not have been re-introduced without some hope of its passage. Can it be that there is a serious danger of such a consummation? Remember that it is an ordinance soundly and unequivocally in the interest of more public prostitution. Remember that two members of the board, both of them men of families, with decent reputations and representing decent districts, are on record as opposed to the ordinance, and are in a position where they would not dare, even if they desired, to change their positions. Remember that the remaining member and chairman of the board is a man of the strictest personal morality, whose affiliations are all with the elements that make for purity and decency. Is it possible, is it conceivable that out of this situation this infamy could come? We hope not.

To Chairman Craycroft, as the member who must cast the deciding vote, and as a man to whom things decent are near and dear, this personal appeal is made, in the name of the decent people of Fresno. Do you know that this ordinance is exactly what we have described it to be; that it is publicly defended by no one and is privately defended by its movers and supporters on the sole ground that so long as prostitution keeps across the track it may as well be encouraged? Do you know that in your keeping, for the moment, is committed the welfare and reputation of the city of Fresno? And is there any argument which could move you to betray that trust? We ask these questions with no fear whatever of the answer, which will be expressed by your vote.

A RISEN NATION.

At this writing full particulars of the pardon of Dreyfus have not been received, and it is therefore not known whether the pardon is, in form, a vindication or a subterfuge. That, however, is a question of courage rather than of fact, for the irrefragable fact is that the pardon and its peaceable acceptance is the herald of a better France against the element which has disgraced it. The Dreyfus verdict was not the verdict of France, but of the army. It is not the outside world alone that is unanimous in declaring Dreyfus innocent, but all that is best and wisest in France itself. On the side of Dreyfus are the President of the Republic and his cabinet, the majority, albeit a small one, of the Chamber of Deputies, the judges of the Court of Cassation, practically every scholar and literary man and half of the newspapers in France. Against Dreyfus are the populace and the army—the one ignorant and the other bigoted.

The crime of Dreyfus judges was a stain on the conscience of France because it was tolerated by France, and because the system which produced it was created and fostered by France. That stain is not yet wiped out. Dreyfus is still a convicted though pardoned traitor, and the traitors who persecute him are still the military guardians of France. The ulcer is still there, and unless France cuts it out, it will fester out. But the reassertion of the civil power, to annul the penalty, is not the verdict of the military court, shows that there is still good blood in France, and that it may still resist the infection that was planted so near its vitals. The radical treatment would have been best and honestest, but the expectant treatment is not without hope.

AN AGRICULTURAL FAIR.

It is a pleasure to hear that the directors of the coming fair and race meet propose to make out of it just what it professes to be—a fair and race meet, which will appeal alike to the admirers of agricultural displays and the lovers of fast horses. An agricultural fair is a good thing in an agricultural community, and a good horse race is a good thing anywhere, but an aggregation of tinker gamblers, swindlers and toughs is a bad thing anywhere, and it is the presence of this sort of a mob that has too often been imposed on us under the name of fair or race meet. If this year is to be so, as announced, an exception to the rule, we congratulate the management, on their good business sense as well as on their good taste.

There is no reason why fair week should be an excuse for vinking at anything which would not be tolerated at other times. If the gambling at the fair grounds is confined to the pool gilling which the law permits, and which it is therefore not practical to oppose, and the gambling in town is omitted entirely, we shall have a clean and profitable race meet. The Republic will do all it can to encourage such an event; it will do all it can to discourage any other sort.

LE BRUN'S FOR EITHER SEX.

G & G
CURE.
1276 Mariposa Street, Fresno, Cal.

"A Good Name At Home"
Is a Tower of Strength Abroad. This truth has been perfectly verified by the history of Hood's Sarsaparilla, which effected its first cure in Lowell, Mass., where it is made and where it still has a larger sale than all other blood purifiers. Its fame and cures and sales have spread abroad all over the world, and it is universally recognized as the best blood medicine money can buy.

STUPID QUARANTINE.

It is astounding the amount of attention that is being attracted by the imbecile proposition in the state board of health to fight consumption by a cordon quarantine. The suggestion, stupidly ignorant as it is, is actually being taken seriously, which merely shows that the expert ignorance of our official quarantiners is only the apex of a vast lot of lay ignorance on the part of unofficial commentators.

The problem of consumption is a difficult and delicate one—quite the hardest and most important in modern sanitary science—but the first step towards its solution is the spread of proper sanitary enlightenment, and the prospects of that spread are not bright so long as there is so little enlightenment at the centers from which it must be promulgated. Quarantine is a medieval makeshift, not a modern remedy, even against typhus and cholera, and against tuberculosis, whose infectiousness differs from that of these diseases not in degree only, but in kind, it has no application whatever.

The queerest thing about the agitation is that it is most fervent in Southern California. The poor "one-lunger" is not popular in the South, to be sure, chiefly because he works cheap at such work as he can do, but the millionaire "one-lunger" is the very stay and support of that section, and it is gross ingratitude to forget the debt that is owed to him. Southern California does not live on what it raises, nor on what it buys and sells, but on the tribute of the world, rendered to its climate. That climate is its capital, and for Southern California to forbid the exploitation of that capital would be an shortsighted as the attitude of the Boers in hampering the development of their gold resources.

We will learn what to do with consumptives some day, but we will not learn to send them to leper colonies, nor to exclude them with shot-gun conditions from the healing air that nature has provided.

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RECRUITS TO THE FRONT
Many Ships Have Been Chartered.

Work of Transporting Being Pushed.

All of the Reinforcements Are to Be in Manila Before Christmas.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: Arrangements have been made by the war department for the departure for Manila by November 1st of all the troops intended for General Otis. This means that Secretary Root's statement that "every mother's son of the re-enforcements will eat his Christmas dinner in Manila" will prove correct.

There may be no lack of transportation the collier Cassius is to be fitted up as a transport at an expense of \$120,000 and General Ludington has in mind several other vessels which may be secured. It is estimated that it will be necessary to provide transportation for 29,318 men, and this table has been prepared, showing that the vessels now in service can do:

Benjamin King, sailing date September 15th, port of Thirty-fourth infantry, 40 officers, 700 men.

Charles Nelson, sailing date September 15th, port of Thirty-fourth infantry, 40 officers, 700 men.

Tacoma, September 15th, port of Twenty-seventh infantry, 40 officers, 600 men.

Monongah, September 30th, 25 officers, 600 men.

Elder, September 20th, port of Twenty-seventh infantry, 25 officers, 600 men.

Sherman, September 21st, Thirty infantry and recruits, 18 officers, 700 men.

Sikh, September 24th, 6 companies, Thirty-second infantry, 30 officers, 650 men.

Sheridan, September 24th, Twenty-sixth infantry and recruits, 22 officers, 700 men.

Charles Nelson, September 25th, rest of Thirty-second infantry, 20 officers, 450 men.

Hancock, September 25th, 50 officers, 1,200 men.

City of Rio, September 25th, rest of Thirty-fourth infantry, 40 officers, 900 men.

Olympia, October 1st, 30 officers, 700 men.

Valencia, October 1st, 30 officers, 600 men.

Zealandia, October 1st, 18 officers, 600 men.

Victoria, October 1st, 30 officers, 800 men.

Manahoe, October 1st, 15 officers, 500 men.

City of Para, October 10th, 40 officers, 1,000 men.

Pennsylvania, October 15th, 20 officers, 1,000 men.

Tartar, October 20th, 45 officers, 1,200 men.

Newport, October 20th, 10 officers, 500 men.

Indiana, October 20th, 40 officers, 900 men.

Anglo-Australian, October 25th, 50 officers, 1,000 men.

Thomas, November 1st, from New York, 30 officers, 1,000 men.

Jagan, November 1st, from New York, 25 officers, 1,000 men.

Seneca, November 1st, from New York, 35 officers, 1,200 men.

City of Peking, October 18th, 45 officers, 900 men.

City of Sydney, 25 officers, 700 men.

St. Paul, 40 officers, 800 men.

Hebelle, 35 officers, 650 men.

There will remain to be transported four regiments, a total of 42,000 men. The Ohio and Morgan City, which are expected to return early in November, can accommodate 42 officers and 1,000 men, is expected to provide accommodations for 600 more. Two or three more vessels can take the rest, and efforts are being made to secure them.

General Otis cables to the war department that the cable ship Hooker can be saved.

Arrangements have been made for taking the ship to the Cavite navy yard, where she will be put in condition under the direction of naval constructor Hobson for the voyage to Hongkong, where she will be docked.

In order to provide ample transportation facilities for the columns which will operate against the Philippines, General Ludington is shipping 1500 more mules to Manila. Thirteen hundred are now on the way.

In connection with the request of General Otis, orders have been issued assigning these officers to duty as additional members of his staff:

Major J. N. Morrison, judge advocate general; Major J. S. Sturgis, adjutant general; Major J. G. Forsythe, assistant adjutant general; Major H. E. Noble, assistant adjutant general; Lieutenant Colonel E. A. Garlington, inspector general; Major F. W. Beach, inspector general; Major J. T. Knight, inspector general; Major J. G. Miller, R. H. Stevens, J. W. Little, W. H. Miller and G. G. Bailey, quartermaster's department, and Captain John Biddle, corps of engineers.

THE DEWEY RECEPTION.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: Acting Secretary of the Navy Allen has perfected arrangements for the participation in the Dewey celebration at New York of nearly all the captains of the squadron which destroyed Admiral Montojo's warships in Manila bay.

Captain Charles V. Gridley, who commanded the Olympia, died while on his way home and Captain Lamberton, now in command of the Olympia, and Captain Dewey, who was in command of the battle, is returning with Admiral Dewey. Captain Joseph B. Coghlan, who commanded the Raleigh, is in this country at Port Orchard, Wash. Commander Asa Walker, who was relieved from command of the Concord last April is now in Washington. Captain Dyer, who commanded the Baltimore, is on leave at his home; Commander Wood, who commanded the gunboat Pare, is inspector of the Fifth light-house district, with headquarters in Baltimore, and Captain Frank Wheeler, who commanded the Boston, is captain of the New York navy yard.

Rear Admiral Schley will also take part in the celebration, though without any orders from the department. The Admiral has not received orders from the Navy Department, but he desires to (take part in his personal capacity and to join with others in welcoming the hero of Manila. He feels that there should not be any official participation by officers likely to attract attention to the celebration, and that the celebration of making the celebration one of welcome to Dewey alone.

COLONEL MILEY DEAD

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—Colonel J. J. Miley, inspector General of Volunteers, died today at Manila.

The information reached the war department in a cablegram from General Otis. His death was due to cerebral meningitis, attendant on typhoid fever. Colonel Miley's rank in the regular army was that of lieutenant of the Second Artillery.

Colonel Miley was a brother of J. J. Miley, of Miley, Fresno county, who was a private in the California Volunteers and was a member of the regular army at the beginning of the war. He was on General Shafter's staff at Santiago and took part in the negotiations for the surrender of the city. At the time of his death he was a member of the "General Otis" staff and had been for the past three months in charge of the Customs House at Manila. As already announced in the Republic, his condition has been known to be critical for some time.

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On the Vanderbilt Estate Will Be Large.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Until the will of the late Cornelius Vanderbilt is filed for probate it will not be known how much federal war revenue tax and how much inheritance tax from the estate will be paid out. The law requires that the executors of the estate shall make a report of the amount of the legacies under the will and the collector may accept their report or make an investigation to determine its correctness before he proceeds to collect the war revenue tax on the legacies under the will. The collector has power to sue for property of the estate, if such a course is necessary, to collect the tax. For the collection of the inheritance tax Collector Cole is the authorized agent. It is probable that the surrogate will appoint an appraiser to determine the amount of the estate, which is subject to the inheritance tax under the law.

The war revenue tax on the legacies, it is expected, will be 3 1/2 per cent, as it is believed that Mr. Vanderbilt left his fortune to his wife and children. If, as has been rumored, he left to members of his family as much as \$150,000, the war revenue tax alone would be \$1,750,000. The inheritance tax due the state of New York at 1 per cent would be nearly \$1,500,000, and the estate would pay in war revenue taxes

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